

**Applicant: Slovak University of Technology
in Bratislava**

**PROJECT PARTNERS:- Faculty of Civil Engineering, Faculty of
Chemical and Food Technology)
- Institute of Hydrology SAS
- Comenius University (Faculty of Natural
Sciences)**

- Completion of the project: April 2011
- Financial end of the project: December 2014

Operational Programme Research and Development

Priority axis 4: Support to research and development in the Bratislava region
Measure 4.1: Support of networks of excellence in research and development as the
pillars of regional development and support to international cooperation in the
Bratislava region. **Call: OPVaV-2008/4.1/01-SORO**

The main project objective: To promote and enhance the quality of scientific
research centers of excellence, with emphasis on the strategic area of integrated
flood protection area.

Project solution: The project activities were implemented STU staff and external
suppliers who provide the supply of information and communication technologies, R
& D infrastructure for laboratories and experimental research the center of
excellence and support activities. ICT suppliers and R & D infrastructure were
chosen on the basis of public procurement. Supervisor of the project with key
experts for different activities ensures the management of the project. Administrative
is ensured by the project team of STU. Implementation of activities not undermine
the continuity of scientific-research and educational process of the University and
the partner institutes.

The impacts: The project was implemented by the end of April 2011. The Centre of
Excellence integrated flood protection ensures sustainable development of the
center, after the implementation of project activities. It ensures, in conjunction with
the operators courses and their basins, the applicability of the project results in real
environment. The center is fully strive to create conditions for the operation and
development of own resources, grant funds as well as funds from the EU project.
The sustainability of project results is ensured by the educational process in the
framework of the Centre of Excellence.

Institute of Hydrology SAS

Application output type

**Utilization of NLN-Danube model for the flood wave prediction in
June 2013, and simulation of a catastrophic floods along the
Danube.**

Responsible researcher: **RNDr. Pavla Pekárová, DrSc.**, researchers: **Veronika
Bačová Mitková, Dana Halmová, Pavol Miklánek.**

After the August floods along the Danube in 2002, the IH SAS was created
NLN Danube model, able to predict the flood wave transformation in the Danube
section Kienstock (Austria) - Nagymaros (Hungary). This model can predict the
hourly flow of the Danube in gauging stations Bratislava/Devin, Medveďov, Iža,
Štúrovo and Nagymaros. For its proportional simplicity, stability and undemanding
input data (inputs are only measured hourly flow station in Kienstock), this model was
used to predict the flood wave transformation for the Slovak section of the Danube
floods in June 2013. These forecasts were continuously sent to the Slovak
Hydrometeorological Institute, where they were used as another method for flow
forecasting. Predictions were also published on the Internet at
<http://pavla.pekarova.sk/blog/clanky>.

**PEKÁROVÁ,, P., HALMOVÁ, D., BAČOVÁ MITKOVÁ, V., MIKLÁNEK, P., PEKÁR,
J., ŠKODA, P. Historic flood marks and flood frequency analysis of the Danube
River at Bratislava, Slovakia. J. Hydrol. Hydromech., 61, 2013, 4, 326–333.**



Monograph: **Flood marks along the Danube
River between Passau and Bratislava**

**PEKÁROVÁ,, P., MIKLÁNEK, P., MELO, M., HALMOVÁ,
D., PEKÁR, J., BAČOVÁ MITKOVÁ, V.**
VEDA - Publishing house of SAS, 2014.

In this monograph we focused on the history of floods and
extreme flood frequency analysis of the Upper Danube
River at Bratislava. We describe the flood marks found on
the Upper Danube River from Passau up to region of
Bratislava, Slovakia. Then, we analyze the annual
maximum discharge series for the period 1876–2013,
including the most recent flood of June 2013. Finally, we
compare the values of T-year design discharge computed
with and without incorporating the historical floods (floods
of the years 1501, 1682, and 1787 into the 138-year
series of annual discharge peaks).



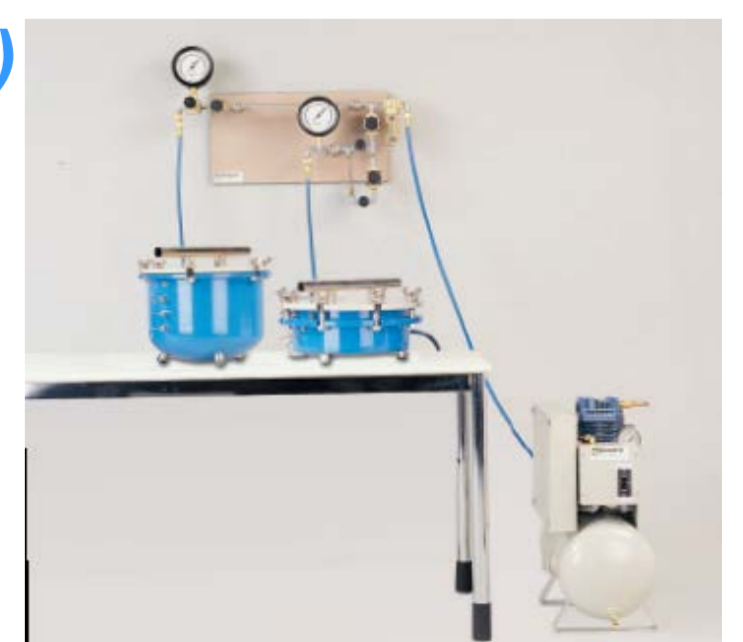
(A)

Devices financed by the funds of the Centre of Excellence:

- Disc permeameter (A)
- Set for pF curve measurement (B)
- Guelph permeameter
- Double ring infiltrometer (C)
- GIS
- HP ELITEBOOK 8540Wi5-520/
4G320/NV880M/DVDRW/W/B/C
- FlowTracker Handheld-ADV (Acoustic
Doppler Velocity meter)-3D
- Electromagnetic Open Channel Flow Meter
- model 801
- GRS-1-Handheld GNSS REC
- MIKE SHE – software – groundwater
flow modeling
- Sonar Lowrance
HDS 10 + accessories



(B)



(C)

